



Little Red Farm

NURSERY



Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris *Pieris japonica 'Valley Valentine'*

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Japanese Andromeda

Description:

A breathtaking broadleaf evergreen shrub which bears delicate and showy chains of deep pink bell-shaped flowers and colorful emerging foliage, a dense and upright cultivar; performs best in moist, organic and acidic soils

Ornamental Features

Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris features dainty chains of red bell-shaped flowers hanging below the branches in early spring. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage which emerges brick red in spring. The glossy narrow leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris is recommended for the following landscape applications;



*Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris
flowers*
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris
foliage*
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



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N U R S E R Y

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Valley Valentine Japanese Pieris will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets.