



# Little Red Farm

## N U R S E R Y



### **Coral Reef Magnolia** *Magnolia 'Coral Reef'*

Height: 20 feet

Spread: 15 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 5a

#### **Description:**

An exquisitely beautiful magnolia with large pink blooms with a hint of salmon-orange; a small tree or large shrub with a tidy form and large relatively coarse leaves; flowers in mid-spring; an ideal landscape or garden accent

#### **Ornamental Features**

Coral Reef Magnolia is covered in stunning fragrant pink cup-shaped flowers with salmon overtones held atop the branches in mid spring before the leaves. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The large pointy leaves turn coppery-bronze in fall.

#### **Landscape Attributes**

Coral Reef Magnolia is a deciduous tree with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It is a good choice for attracting birds to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Coral Reef Magnolia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade
- Hedges/Screening

#### **Planting & Growing**

Coral Reef Magnolia will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 15 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.



*Coral Reef Magnolia flowers*  
*Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*



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This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is not particular as to soil type, but has a definite preference for acidic soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.